

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**  
**for the Eastern District of Wisconsin**

CARL BARRETT,

Plaintiff,

v.

ARMOR CORRECTIONAL HEALTH CARE INC.,  
MERCY MAHAGA, MAHEDA GONE, TOWNES,  
MAJOR EVANS, MONTOYS, VELEZ AND MCCOY,

Defendants.

Case No. 20cv01128

**PROTECTIVE ORDER**

The Court finds that exchange of sensitive information between or among the parties and/or third parties other than in accordance with this Order may cause unnecessary damage and injury to the parties or to others. The Court further finds that the terms of this Order are fair and just and that good cause has been shown for entry of a protective order governing the document bearing the title, "Armor Correctional Health Services, Inc. Policy and Procedures Milwaukee County Jail 2015" and "Milwaukee County Jail Policy and Procedure Binder Location Log" for 2017.

**IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED THAT**, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c) and Civil L. R. 26(e):

**(A) DESIGNATION OF CONFIDENTIAL OR ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY INFORMATION.** Designation of information under this Order must be made by placing or affixing on the document or material, in a manner that will not interfere with its legibility, the words "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY."

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(1) One who produces information, documents, or other material may designate them as "CONFIDENTIAL" when the person in good faith believes they contain confidential medical, financial, personally identifiable, institutional security, employment, and other related sensitive information.

(2) One who produces information, documents, or other material may designate them as "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" when the person in good faith believes that they contain confidential medical, financial, personally identifiable, institutional security, employment, and other related sensitive information that requires protection beyond that afforded by a "CONFIDENTIAL" designation.

(3) Except for information, documents, or other materials produced for inspection at the party's facilities, the designation of confidential information as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" must be made prior to, or contemporaneously with, their production or disclosure. In the event that information, documents or other materials are produced for inspection at the party's facilities, such information, documents, or other materials may be produced for inspection before being marked confidential. Once specific information, documents or other materials have been designated for copying, any information, documents or other materials, containing confidential information will then be marked confidential after copying but before delivery to the party who inspected and designated them. There will be no waiver of confidentiality by the inspection of confidential information, documents, or other materials before they are copied and marked confidential pursuant to this procedure.

(4) Portions of depositions of a party's present and former officers, directors, employees, agents, experts, and representatives will be deemed confidential only if designated as such when the deposition is taken or within 30 days of receipt of the deposition transcript.

If a party inadvertently produces information, documents, or other material containing "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" information without marking or labeling it as such, the information, documents, or other material shall not lose its protected status through such production and the parties shall take all steps reasonably required to assure its continued confidentiality if the producing party provides written notice to the receiving party within 10 days of the discovery of the inadvertent production, identifying the information, document or other material in question and to the corrected confidential designation.

**(B) DISCLOSURE AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.** Information, documents or other material designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" under this Order must not be used or disclosed by the parties or counsel for the parties or any persons identified in subparagraphs (B)(1) and (2) below for any purposes whatsoever other than preparing for and conducting the litigation in which the information, documents or other material were disclosed (including appeals). The parties must not disclose information, documents, or other material designated as confidential to putative class members not named as plaintiffs in putative class litigation unless and until one or more classes have been certified. Nothing in this Order prohibits a receiving party that is a government agency from following its routine uses and sharing such information, documents or other material with other government agencies or self-regulatory organizations as allowed by law.

(1) **CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.** The parties and counsel for the parties must not disclose or permit the disclosure of any information, documents or other material designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” by any other party or third party under this Order, except that disclosures may be made in the following circumstances:

(a) Disclosure may be made to employees of counsel for the parties or, when the party is a government entity, employees of the government, who have direct functional responsibility for the preparation and trial of the lawsuit. Any such employee to whom counsel for the parties makes a disclosure must be advised of, and become subject to, the provisions of this Order requiring that the information, documents, or other material be held in confidence.

(b) Disclosure may be made only to employees of a party required in good faith to provide assistance in the conduct of the litigation in which the information was disclosed who are identified as such in writing to counsel for the other parties in advance of the disclosure of the confidential information, documents or other material.

(c) Disclosure may be made to court reporters engaged for depositions and those persons, if any, specifically engaged for the limited purpose of making copies of documents or other material.

Before disclosure to any such court reporter or person engaged in making copies, such reporter or person must agree to be bound by the terms of this Order.

(d) Disclosure may be made to consultants, investigators, or experts (collectively “experts”) employed by the parties or counsel for the parties to assist in the preparation and trial of the lawsuit. Before disclosure to any expert, the expert must be informed of and agree to be subject to the provisions of this Order requiring that the information, documents, or other material be held in confidence.

(e) Disclosure may be made to deposition and trial witnesses in connection with their testimony in the lawsuit and to the Court and the Court’s staff.

(f) Disclosure may be made to persons already in lawful and legitimate possession of such CONFIDENTIAL information.

(2) **ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY INFORMATION.** The parties and counsel for the parties must not disclosure or permit the disclosure of any information, documents, or other material designated as "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" by any other party or third party under this Order to any other person or entity, except that disclosures may be made in the following circumstances:

(a) Disclosure may be made to counsel and employees of counsel for the parties who have direct functional responsibility for the preparation and trial of the lawsuit. Any such employee to whom counsel for the parties makes a disclosure must be advised of, and become subject to, the provision of this Order requiring that the information, documents or other material be held in confidence.

(b) Disclosure may be made to court reports engaged for depositions and those persons, if any, specifically engaged for the limited purpose of making copies of documents or other material. Before disclosure to any such court reporter or person engaged in making copies, such reporter or person must agree to be bound by the terms of this Order.

(c) Disclosure may be made to consultants, investigators, or experts (collectively "experts") employed by the parties or counsel for the parties to assist in the preparation and trial of the lawsuit. Before disclosure to any expert, the expert must be informed of and agree to be subject to the provisions of this Order requiring that the information, documents, or other material be held in confidence.

(d) Disclosure may be made to deposition and trial witnesses in connection with their testimony in the lawsuit and to the Court and the Court's staff.

(e) Disclosure may be made to persons already in lawful and legitimate possession of such ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY information.

**(C) MAINTENANCE OF CONFIDENTIALITY.** Except as provided in subparagraph (B), counsel for the parties must keep all information, documents, or other material designated as confidential that are received under this Order secure within their exclusive possession and must place such information, documents or other material in a secure area.

(1) All copies, duplicates, extracts, summaries, or descriptions (hereinafter referred to collectively as "copies") of information, documents, or other material designated as confidential under this Order, or any portion thereof, must be immediately affixed with the words "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS EYES ONLY" if not already containing that designation.

(2) To the extent that any answers to interrogatories, transcripts of depositions, responses to requests for admissions, or any other papers filed or to be filed with the Court reveal or tend to reveal information claimed to be confidential, these papers or any portion thereof must be filed under seal. If a Court filing contains information, documents, or other materials that were designated “CONFIDENTIAL” or “ATTORNEYS EYES ONLY” by a third party, the party making the filing shall provide notice of the filing to the third party.

**(D) CHALLENGES TO CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATION.** A party or interested members of the public may challenge the designation of confidentiality by motion. The designating party bears the burden of proving that the information, documents, or other material at issue are properly designated as confidential. The Court may award the party prevailing on any such motion actual attorney fees and costs attributable to the motion.

**(E) CONCLUSION OF LITIGATION.** At the conclusion of the litigation, a party may request that all information, documents or other material not filed with the Court or received into evidence and designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” under this Order must be returned to the originating party or, if the parties so stipulate, destroyed, unless otherwise provided by law. Notwithstanding the requirements of this paragraph, a party may retain a complete set of all documents filed with the Court, subject to all other restrictions of this Order. Specifically, with respect to medical/health information, this Order requires the return to the producing party or destruction of the protected medical/health information (including all copies made) at the end of the litigation or proceeding.

Dated at Green Bay, Wisconsin this 9th day of April, 2021.

s/ William C. Griesbach  
William C. Griesbach  
United States District Judge